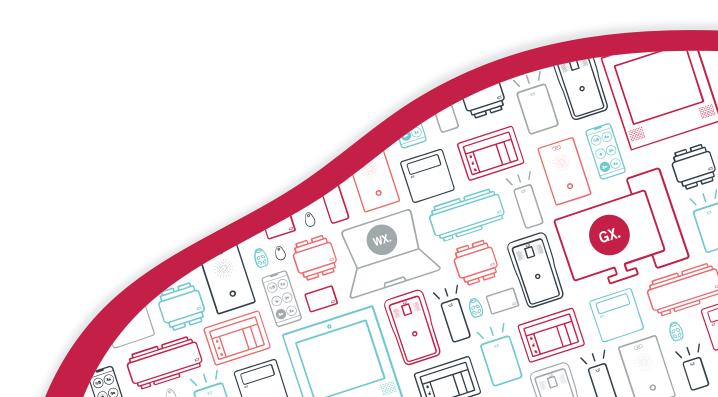
PRT-WX-DIN-IP

Protege WX DIN Rail Integrated System Controller (IP only)

Installation Manual



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Contents

Introduction	6
About This Module	6
Controller Editions	6
Installation Requirements	7
Wiring	7
Grounding Requirements	8
Safety Grounding	8
Earth Ground Connection	8
Mounting	10
Removal	10
Wiring Diagram	11
Connections	12
Power Requirements	12
Auxiliary Outputs	14
Encrypted Module Network	
Module Wiring	14
End of Line (EOL) Resistors	15
Cellular Modem	15
Ethernet 10/100 Network Interface	16
Door Access Control	17
Shield Connection	17
RS-485 Reader Connection	18
RS-485 Reader Connection (Entry/Exit)	19
RS-485 Reader Location	19
OSDP Reader Connection	20
OSDP Reader Location	20
Wiegand Reader Connection	21
Multiple Wiegand Reader Connection	22
Connecting 4 Wiegand Readers	23
Door Contact Connection	24
Lock Output Connection	25
Programming the Onboard Reader	25
Onboard Reader Trouble Inputs	26
Inputs	27

EOL Resistor Value Options	28
Duplex Inputs	28
Trouble Inputs	29
Outputs	32
Bell/Siren Output	32
Relay Outputs	33
Reader Outputs	33
Hardware Configuration	34
Configuring a Controller via the Web Interface	34
Setting the IP Address from a Keypad	34
Temporarily Defaulting the IP Address	35
Defaulting a Controller	36
LED Indicators	38
Power Indicator	38
Status Indicator	
Fault Indicator	
Ethernet Link Indicator	38
Reader Data Indicators	39
Bell Indicator	39
Relay Indicators	39
Input Indicators	39
Mechanical Diagram	40
Mechanical Layout	41
Technical Specifications	42
Current and Validation Example	44
New Zealand and Australia	45
Intruder Detection Maintenance Routine	45
Peripheral Devices	45
Testing Frequency	45
Recommended Routine Maintenance Procedures	46
European Standards	49
UK Conformity Assessment Mark	51
UK PD 6662:2017 and BS 8243	51
UL and ULC Installation Requirements	52
UL/ULC Installation Cabinet Options	52
Central Station Signal Receiver Compatibility List	52

UL Operation Mode	53
ULC Compliance Requirements	53
CAN/ULC-60839-11-1	53
CAN/ULC-S304	53
CAN/ULC-S319	56
CAN/ULC-S559	57
UL Compliance Requirements	61
UL1610	61
UL294	63
FCC Compliance Statements	64
Industry Canada Statement	65
Disclaimer and Warranty	66

Introduction

This installation manual provides instructions and technical specifications for physical installation of the Protege WX DIN Rail Integrated System Controller (IP only) module. For system communication and programming information, see the Protege WX Integrated System Controller Configuration Guide, available from the ICT website.

About This Module

The Protege WX DIN Rail Integrated System Controller is the central processing unit responsible for the control of security, access control and building automation in the Protege WX system. It communicates with all system modules, stores all configuration and transaction information, processes all system communication, and reports alarms and system activity to a monitoring station or remote computer.

Flexible module network architecture allows large numbers of modules to be connected to the RS-485 module network. Up to 250 modules can be connected to the Protege system in any combination to the network, over a distance of up to 900M (3000ft). Further span can be achieved with the use of a network repeater module.

The current features of the PRT-WX-DIN-IP controller include:

- Internal industry standard 10/100 ethernet
- 32 Bit advanced RISC processor with 2Gb total memory
- Encrypted module network using RS-485 communication
- NIST Certified AES 128, 192 and 256 Bit Encryption
- Factory loaded HTTPS certificate
- OSDP configurable RS-485
- 8 high security monitored inputs
- 4 open collector outputs
- 2 Form C Relay outputs
- 1USB Port
- Offsite communications via IP or cellular network connection
- Industry standard DIN rail mounting

Controller Editions

There are two editions of the PRT-WX-DIN controller:

- The **PRT-WX-DIN-IP** can communicate alarms and upload information to remote systems over IP, or via connection to the PRT-4G-USB DIN Rail Cellular Modem.
- The **PRT-WX-DIN** can communicate alarms and upload information to remote systems over IP, or via connection to the PRT-4G-USB DIN Rail Cellular Modem.
 - It also includes a built-in 2400bps modem dialer which allows it to communicate alarms and upload information to remote systems via PSTN using Contact ID or SIA protocols.

Installation Requirements

This equipment is to be installed in accordance with:

- The product installation instructions
- UL 294 Access Control System Units
- UL 681 Installation and Classification of Burglar and Holdup Systems
- UL 827 Central-Station Alarm Services
- UL 1034 Burglary-Resistant Electric Locking Mechanisms
- CAN/ULC-S301, Central and Monitoring Station Burglar Alarm Systems
- CAN/ULC-S302, Installation and Classification of Burglar Alarm Systems for Financial and Commercial Premises, Safes and Vaults
- CAN/ULC-S561, Installation and Services for Fire Signal Receiving Centres and Systems
- CAN/ULC-60839-11-1, Alarm and Electronic Security Systems Part 11-1: Electronic Access Control Systems System and Components Requirements
- The National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA 70
- The Canadian Electrical Code, Part I, CSA C22.1
- AS/NZS 2201.1 Intruder Alarm Systems
- The Local Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ)

Wiring



For UL/ULC installations the following wiring specifications must be observed.

Earth Ground Wiring: Minimum 14AWG solid copper wire.

Input Wiring: Maximum distance of 300m (1000ft) from the connected module when using 22 AWG.

Aux Wiring: Minimum 22AWG, maximum 16AWG (depends on length and current consumption).

For wire/cable size, a maximum of 5% voltage drop at the terminals of the powered device has to be observed.

Ethernet Wiring: CAT5e / CAT6. Maximum length 100m (330 ft).

Module Network Wiring: Recommended Belden 9842 or equivalent.

- 24AWG twisted pair with characteristic impedance of 120ohm. Maximum length 900m (3000ft).
- CAT5e / CAT6 also supported for data transmission when using ground in the same cable. Maximum length 100m (330 ft).

Do not use extra wires in the cable to power devices.

Grounding Requirements

An effectively grounded product is one that is intentionally connected to earth ground through a ground connection or connections of sufficiently low impedance and having sufficient current-carrying capacity to prevent elevated voltages which may result in undue hazard to connected equipment or to persons.

Grounding of the Protege system is done for three basic reasons:

- 1. Safety
- 2. Component protection
- 3. Noise reduction

Safety Grounding

The object of safety grounding is to ensure that all metalwork is at the same ground (or earth) potential. Impedance between the Protege system and the building scheme ground must conform to the requirements of national and local industrial safety regulations or electrical codes. These will vary based on country, type of distribution system and other factors. The integrity of all ground connections should be checked periodically.

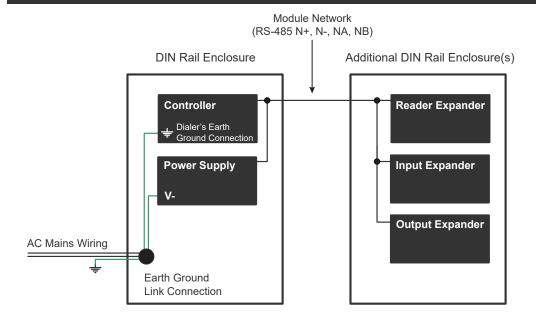
General safety dictates that all metal parts are connected to earth with separate copper wire or wires of the appropriate gauge.

Earth Ground Connection

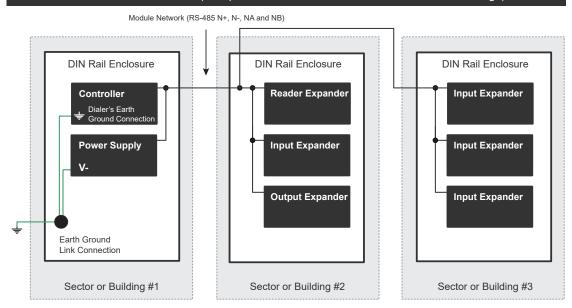
The DIN rail enclosure and the DIN rail modules must be grounded to a suitable single-point earth ground connection in the installation. A minimum 14AWG solid copper wire (or thicker, in accordance with local authorities) shall be used from the Protege system's earth connection points.

The DIN rail enclosure includes an earth ground single-point link connection via the metallic enclosure. This single-point link is the Protege system's earth ground. All modules that have earth ground connections and that are installed in the same enclosure shall be connected to this single point. A single-point earth ground connection avoids the creation of ground loops in the system and provides a single reference point to earth ground.

DIN Rail Ground Connections (one or more cabinets installed in the same room)



DIN Rail Ground Connections (multiple cabinets in different rooms, sectors, or buildings)



The Dialer's Earth Ground Connection applies to modem model controllers only.

Note that the DIN rail enclosure earth terminal is connected to the power supply V- terminal.

There must be only **one** single earth grounding point per system.

Mounting

Protege DIN rail modules are designed to mount on standard DIN rail either in dedicated DIN cabinets or on generic DIN rail mounting strip.

When installing a DIN rail module, ensure that there is adequate clearance around all sides of the device and that air flow to the vents of the unit is not restricted. It is recommended that you install the module in a location that will facilitate easy access for wiring. It is also recommended that the module is installed in an electrical room, communication equipment room, secure cabinet, or in an accessible area of the ceiling.

- 1. Position the DIN rail module with the labeling in the correct orientation.
- 2. Hook the mounting tabs (opposite the tab clip) under the edge of the DIN rail.
- 3. Push the DIN rail module against the mount until the tab clips over the rail.

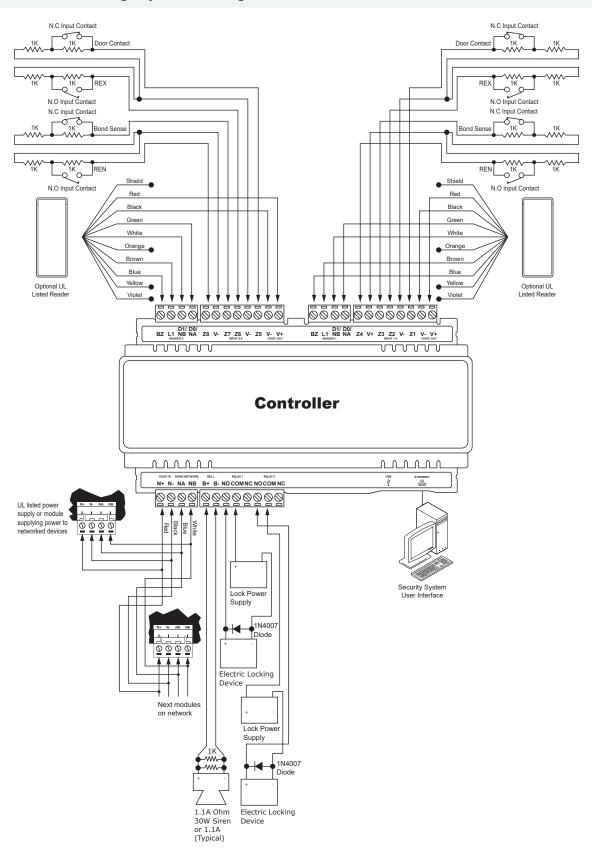
Removal

A Protege DIN rail module can be removed from the DIN rail mount using the following steps:

- 1. Insert a flat blade screwdriver into the hole in the module tab clip.
- 2. Lever the tab outwards and rotate the unit off the DIN rail mount.

Wiring Diagram

CAUTION: Incorrect wiring may result in damage to the unit.



Connections

Power Requirements

Power is supplied to the controller by a 12V DC power supply connected to the N+ and N- terminals. The controller does not contain internal regulation or isolation and any clean 12V DC supply is suitable for this purpose.

Termination of wiring to the module while power is applied or the battery is connected may cause serious damage to the unit and will VOID ALL WARRANTIES OR GUARANTEES.

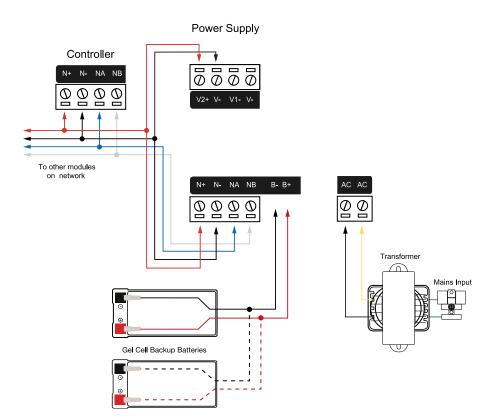
Power the unit only after all wiring, configuration and jumper settings are completed.

A battery backup must be connected to the module network to provide a monitored supply. The battery plays an important role in power conditioning and provides a continuous source of power in the event of a power outage.



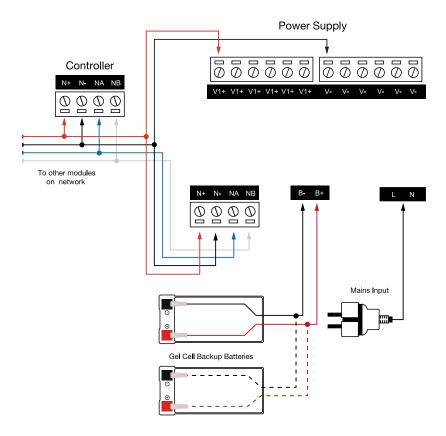
For UL applications, must be powered by a UL Listed (UL 603 or UL 294) power limited power supply capable of supplying at least 4 hours of standby power.

For ULC applications, must be powered by a ULC Listed (CAN/ULC S318 or CAN/ULC S319) power limited power supply capable of supplying at least 24 hours of standby power.



Example 2A Power Supply Connection:

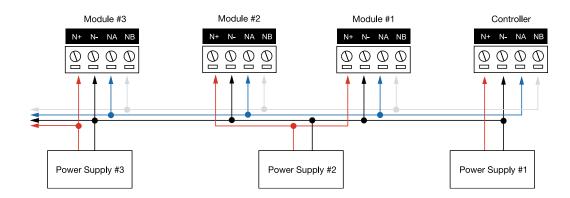
Example 4A Power Supply Connection:



In a small installation this same power supply can be used to supply the module network as well, so long as the maximum load of the power supply is not exceeded. In larger installations, the power supply may need to be split to allow for load sharing between several supplies.

To comply with EN 50131-1 only one battery can be connected and monitored per system. If more capacity is required a single larger battery must be used.

Example Multiple PSU Connection:



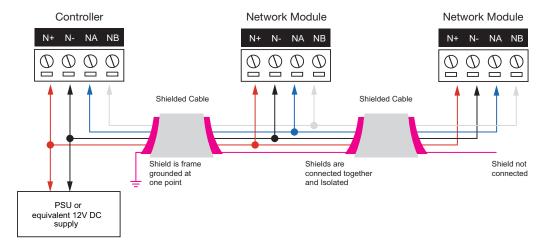
When using multiple power supplies it is important to ensure that all ground connections (V-) are connected between all power supplies and that no power connections (V+) are connected between any power supplies.

Auxiliary Outputs

The auxiliary outputs (V- V+) of the controller can be used to supply other equipment. Note that there is no onboard regulation or isolation for these outputs; they are a fused feed-through from the N+ N- input terminals. When using these outputs to supply other devices, be sure not to exceed the rating of the internal fuses as outlined in the Technical Specifications.

Encrypted Module Network

The controller incorporates encrypted RS-485 communications technology. Connection of the communications should be performed according to the following diagram.



Always connect the controller's NA and NB terminals to the NA and NB terminals of the expansion devices and keypads. The N+ and N- must connect to a 12V power supply source capable of supplying the peak current drawn by all modules. If a shielded cable is used, the shield must be connected at only one end of the cable. **DO NOT** connect a shield at both ends.

The 12V N+ and N- communication input must be supplied from only **one** point. Connections from more than one 12V supply may cause failure or damage to the unit or the device supplying network power. Make sure that the power supply can supply enough current for the peak load drawn by **all modules** connected to the 12V supply, including the controller itself.

Module Wiring

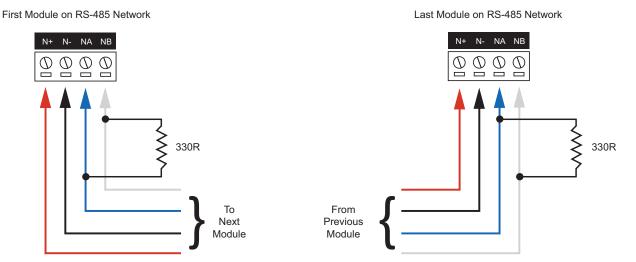
The recommended module network wiring specifications are:

- Belden 9842 or equivalent
- 24AWG twisted pair with characteristic impedance of 120 ohm
- Maximum total length of cable is 900m (3000ft)
- CAT5e / CAT6 are also supported for data transmission when using ground in the same cable (to a maximum length of 100m (328ft))

Warning: Unused wires in the cable must not be used to carry power to other devices.

End of Line (EOL) Resistors

The 330 ohm EOL (End of Line) resistor provided in the accessory bag **must** be inserted between the NA and NB terminals of the **first** and **last** modules on the RS-485 network. These are the modules physically located at the ends of the RS-485 network cabling.

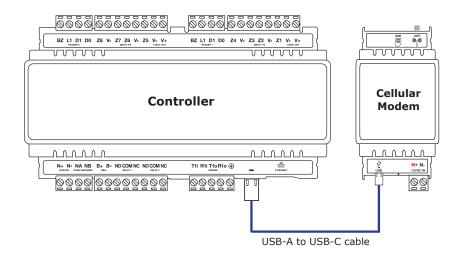


Cellular Modem

The controller provides the ability to communicate alarms and upload information to remote systems via the Protege DIN Rail Cellular Modem (PRT-4G-USB).

The modem can be connected directly to the controller using the Type-A USB port.

Protege controllers which do not have a physical USB port are incompatible and cannot be retrofitted.



For more information, see the Protege DIN Rail Cellular Modem Installation Manual and Protege DIN Rail Cellular Modem Configuration Guide.

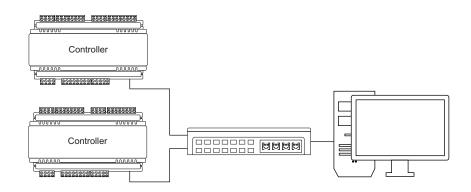
Ethernet 10/100 Network Interface

The communication between the Protege system and the controller uses a 10/100 ethernet network operating the TCP/IP protocol suite. The IP address of the controller can be configured using an LCD keypad terminal or via the built-in web interface. The default IP address is set to a static address of 192.168.1.2 with a subnet mask of 255.255.255.0. These IP address settings are commonly used for internal networks.

Installing the module on an active network requires knowledge of the configuration and structure for the network. Always consult the network or system administrator and ask them to provide you with a fixed IP address that can be assigned to the module.

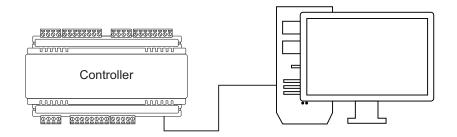
When installing an ethernet connection the module should be interfaced using a standard segment (<100m in length) and should be connected to a suitable ethernet hub or switch:

Ethernet 10/100 Switch hub Connection:



Temporary direct connections can be used for onsite programming by using a standard ethernet cable.

Ethernet 10/100 Direct Connection:





- All network equipment such as hubs/routers/gateways used with the controller must comply with the UL and ULC standard requirements associated with a signal receiving center.
- The controller must be installed in the same room as the network equipment that provides it the network connection.

Door Access Control

The controller provides access control functionality onboard without the requirement for additional hardware, allowing the connection of up to 4 reading devices controlling 2 doors with entry and exit readers. Each reader port can be independently configured to support one of the following protocols:

- ICT RS-485 (ICT readers only)
- OSDP (Open Supervised Device Protocol)
- Wiegand

Recommended Cabling

The recommended cable types for RS-485 are:

- Belden 9842 or equivalent
- 24 AWG twisted pair with characteristic impedance of 120ohm

Maximum distance: 900m (3000ft)

The recommended cable types for Wiegand are:

22 AWG alpha 5196, 5198, 18 AWG alpha 5386, 5388

Maximum distance: 150m (492ft)



All UL listed ICT readers are shipped with single LED mode set as default and are fully compatible with the Protege system.

Shield Connection

Important:

- The card reader must be connected to the module port using a shielded cable.
- The shield must only be connected at one end of the cable in the metallic enclosure (frame grounded).
- Do not connect the cable shield to an AUX-, OV or V- connection on the module.
- Do not connect the cable shield to any shield used for isolated communication.
- The reader pigtail shield and cable shield wires should be joined at the reader pigtail splice.
- Do not terminate the reader shield wire inside the reader.

Note: The reader and cable shield wires must be joined at the reader pigtail splice for all MIFARE capable ICT card readers. Older readers which are internally grounded and third-party readers do not require the shield wires to be joined. For further information, contact ICT Technical Support.

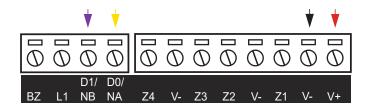
Always refer to the card reader manufacturer for detailed installation guidelines.

RS-485 Reader Connection

ICT readers can be connected to a Protege controller in RS-485 configuration. The following shows the connection of a single RS-485 reader for entry only.

Third-party RS-485 readers can only be connected using the OSDP protocol (see page 20).

Reader Port Connections



Reader Wiring Connections

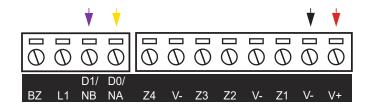
The reader should be connected using the wiring configuration outlined in the table below.

Reader Wire	Connection	
12VDC+ positive	V+ 12VDC positive	
12VDC- negative	V- 12VDC negative	
RS-485 A	DO/NA RS-485 A	
RS-485 B	D1/NB RS-485 B	
Shield (drain)	Frame grounded at one point only	

RS-485 Reader Connection (Entry/Exit)

The following shows the connection of two RS-485 readers to provide an entry/exit configuration.

Reader Port Connections



Primary Reader Wiring Connections

The primary reader should be connected using the wiring configuration outlined in the table below.

Reader Wire	Connection	
12VDC+ positive	V+ 12VDC positive	
12VDC- negative	V-12VDC negative	
RS-485 A	DO/NA RS-485 A	
RS-485 B	D1/NB RS-485 B	
Shield (drain)	Join the shield (drain) wires together. Frame grounded at one point only	

Secondary Reader Wiring Connections

The secondary reader should be connected using the wiring configuration outlined in the table below.

Reader Wire	Connection	
12VDC+ positive	Join to primary reader 12VDC+ positive wire	
12VDC- negative	Join to primary reader 12VDC- negative wire	
RS-485 A	Join to primary reader RS-485 A wire	
RS-485 B	Join to primary reader RS-485 B wire	
Shield (drain)	Join the shield (drain) wires together. Frame grounded at one point only	

RS-485 Reader Location

As two RS-485 readers can be connected to the same reader port, the reader **address** uniquely identifies each reader and determines which is the entry reader and which is the exit reader.

Configuration	Location
Reader address = 0	Entry
Reader address = 1	Exit

All ICT readers use address 0 (entry) by default, unless configured otherwise. The reader's address can be configured by applying the required reader address TLV setting to the reader programming.

For programming instructions, see the ICT Card Reader Configuration Guide, available from the ICT website.

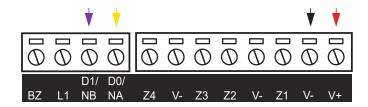
tSec readers are hardwired to use address 1 when the reader's **green** and **orange** wires are joined together. For more information, see the tSec reader installation manual.

OSDP Reader Connection

When using the OSDP protocol the reader is connected to the reader port using a standard RS-485 wiring configuration. The following shows the connection of a single OSDP reader for entry only.

Connection of two OSDP readers to provide an entry/exit configuration follows the same connection requirements as connecting two RS-485 readers (see previous page).

Reader Port Connections



This connection example shows wiring for ICT readers. Other readers may use different color configurations. Always refer to the card reader manufacturer for detailed installation guidelines, and see the table below.

Reader Wiring Connections

The reader should be connected using the wiring configuration outlined in the table below.

Reader Wire	Connection	
12VDC+ positive	V+ 12VDC positive	
12VDC- negative	V-12VDC negative	
RS-485 A	DO/NA RS-485 A	
RS-485 B	D1/NB RS-485 B	
Shield (drain)	Frame grounded at one point only	

Consult the manufacturer's documentation for wiring instructions for the specific reader being connected.

Connecting OSDP readers to Protege modules requires additional hardware configuration and system programming. For more information, see Application Note 254: Configuring OSDP Readers in Protege.

For more information about OSDP support on ICT card readers, including configuring readers for secure channel communications, see Application Note 321: Configuring ICT Readers for OSDP Communication.

OSDP Reader Location

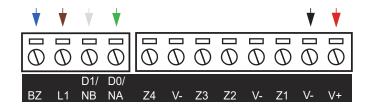
As two OSDP readers can be connected to the same Protege module reader port, each OSDP reader is configured as either an Entry or Exit reader in the **Reader location** setting of the associated **smart reader** record.

OSDP reader location is **not** determined by the reader address.

Wiegand Reader Connection

The following shows the connection of a single Wiegand reader for entry only.

Reader Port Connections



This connection example shows wiring for ICT readers. Other readers may use different color configurations. Always refer to the card reader manufacturer for detailed installation guidelines, and see the table below.

Reader Wiring Connections

The reader should be connected using the wiring configuration outlined in the table below.

Reader Wire	Connection	
12VDC+ positive	V+ 12VDC positive	
12VDC- negative	V-12VDC negative	
Wiegand Data 0	DO/NA Wiegand Data 0	
Wiegand Data 1	D1/NB Wiegand Data 1	
Wiegand LED control	L1 Wiegand LED control	
Wiegand beeper control	BZ Wiegand beeper control	
Shield (drain)	Frame grounded at one point only	

Multiple Wiegand Reader Connection

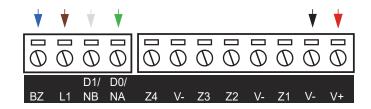
In multiple reader mode, the secondary card reader has all connections wired to the same reader port as the primary reader, except the Data 1 connection which is wired to the Data 1 input on the alternate reader port.

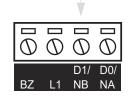
The normal primary reader connection operates as the **entry** reader, and the secondary reader that is multiplexed into the alternate reader port will operate as the **exit** reader.

To connect two Wiegand readers to a reader port the **Multiple reader input port 1/2** option must be enabled in the reader expander programming. When this option is disabled the reader port will only process a single reader.

The following shows the connection of two Wiegand readers to provide an entry/exit configuration.

Reader Port Connections





Primary Reader Port

Alternate Reader Port

This connection example shows wiring for ICT readers. Other readers may use different color configurations. Always refer to the card reader manufacturer for detailed installation guidelines, and see the table below.

Entry Reader Wiring Connections

The entry reader should be connected using the wiring configuration outlined in the table below.

Reader Wire	Connection
12VDC+ positive	V+ 12VDC positive
12VDC- negative	V- 12VDC negative
Wiegand Data 0	DO/NA Wiegand Data 0
Wiegand Data 1	D1/NB Wiegand Data 1
Wiegand LED control	L1 Wiegand LED control
Wiegand beeper control	BZ Wiegand beeper control
Shield (drain)	Join the shield (drain) wires together. Frame grounded at one point only

Exit Reader Wiring Connections

The exit reader should be connected using the wiring configuration outlined in the table below.

Reader Wire	Connection	
12VDC+ positive	Join to entry reader 12VDC+ positive wire	
12VDC- negative	Join to entry reader 12VDC- negative wire	
Wiegand Data 0	Join to entry reader Wiegand Data 0 wire	
Wiegand Data 1	D1/NB Wiegand Data 1 (alternate reader port to entry reader)	
Wiegand LED control	Join to entry reader Wiegand LED control wire	
Wiegand beeper control	Join to entry reader Wiegand beeper control wire	
Shield (drain)	Join the shield (drain) wires together. Frame grounded at one point only	

Connecting 4 Wiegand Readers

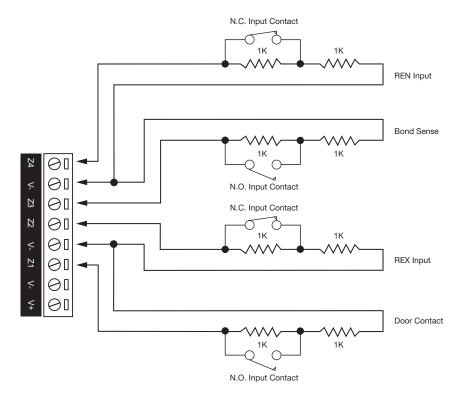
Multiple reader mode allows the connection of 4 Wiegand readers controlling 2 doors, each with entry and exit readers. To connect 4 Wiegand reading devices:

- Door 1 entry reader is connected to reader port 1
- Door 1 exit reader has its Wiegand Data 1 wire connected to the reader port 2 D1 connection
- Door 2 entry reader is connected to reader port 2
- Door 2 exit reader has its Wiegand Data 1 wire connected to the reader port 1 D1 connection
- The **Multiple reader input port 1** option is enabled in the reader expander programming (General | Options)
- The Multiple reader input port 2 option is enabled in the reader expander programming (General | Options)

To connect two Wiegand readers to a reader port the **Multiple reader input port 1/2** option must be enabled in the reader expander programming. When this option is disabled the reader port will only process a single reader.

Door Contact Connection

The module allows the connection of up to 4 contacts for monitoring and controlling access control doors. Each input can be used for either the door function that is automatically assigned or as a normal input on the system. The following example shows the connection of a normally closed door position monitoring contact to monitor the open, closed, forced and alarm conditions of the door.



Inputs 1-4 and 5-8 can operate as either general purpose inputs or as onboard reader inputs. If used as general purpose inputs, make sure that these inputs are not defined in the onboard reader set up.

Input	Access Control Function	Default Setting
Input 1	Door Contact, Port 1	Door Contact, Port 1
Input 2	REX Input, Port 1	REX Input, Port 1
Input 3	Bond Sense, Port 1	General Purpose Input
Input 4	REN Input, Port 1	General Purpose Input
Input 5	Door Contact, Port 2	Door Contact, Port 2
Input 6	REX input, Port 2	REX Input, Port 2
Input 7	Bond Sense, Port 2	General Purpose Input
Input 8	REN Input, Port 2	General Purpose Input

When connected the REX input can be programmed to operate regardless of the door contact state. The REX input can also be programmed to recycle the door alarm time to prevent nuisance alarms when the door is held open to permit longer entry.

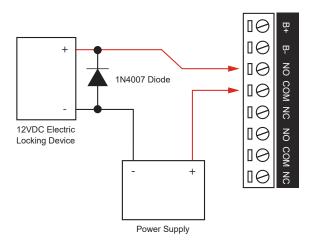


When inputs are configured as bond sense and/or general purpose inputs (access control and burglar installations), remaining inputs cannot be used for fire.

Lock Output Connection

The controller provides relays on outputs 3 and 4. These are used for the Lock 1 (Output 3 CP001:03) and Lock 2 (Output 4 CP001:04) functions and are used to control electric door strikes and other lock control devices.

To use the lock outputs in conjunction with the onboard reader, the lock output for the door associated with the reader port must be configured to be the desired lock output on the controller. This is not configured by default.



The locking device is connected to the **NO** terminal, as displayed above, for power to unlock / fail secure devices. For power to lock / fail safe devices the locking device is connected to the **NC** terminal.

The 1N4007 diode is supplied for lock output connections and **must** be installed at the electric strike terminals.

Warning: Relay outputs can switch to a maximum capacity of 7A. Exceeding 7A will damage the output.

Programming the Onboard Reader

The onboard reader is programmed in exactly the same way as any other reader module. It can be thought of as if it were a normal reader expander module on a separate circuit board. The onboard reader of a Protege WX controller is programmed as a reader expander with an address of 1.

The onboard reader uses inputs 1-4 and 5-8 as its door contact, REX, bond sense and REN inputs respectively. Any inputs that are not configured for use with the onboard reader may be used as general purpose inputs. If you wish to use an access control input as a general input, you will need to disable the associated function input in the door programming section of the Protege user interface.



REX and REN devices must be listed to UL 294 for UL installations and CAN/ULC-S319 for ULC installations, and be compatible with the system.

The default settings are shown in the following table:

Input	Access Control Function	Default Setting
Input 1	Door Contact, Port 1	Door Contact, Port 1
Input 2	REX Input, Port 1	REX Input, Port 1
Input 3	Bond Sense, Port 1	General Purpose Input
Input 4	REN Input, Port 1	General Purpose Input
Input 5	Door Contact, Port 2	Door Contact, Port 2
Input 6	REX input, Port 2	REX Input, Port 2
Input 7	Bond Sense, Port 2	General Purpose Input
Input 8	REN Input, Port 2	General Purpose Input

Onboard Reader Trouble Inputs

The onboard reader expander can monitor up to 16 trouble inputs used to report associated trouble conditions.

The following table details the trouble inputs that are configured in the system and the trouble type and group.

The following table details the trouble inputs that are configured in the system and the trouble type and group that they activate.

Input Number	Description	Default Trouble Group	Default Trouble Group Option
RDxxx:01-11	Reserved	None	None
RDxxx:12	Reader 1 Tamper	System	System Tamper
RDxxx:13	Reader 2 Tamper	System	System Tamper
RDxxx:14	Door 1 Lockout	Access	Too Many Attempts
RDxxx:15	Door 2 Lockout	Access	Too Many Attempts
RDxxx:16	Module Offline	System	Module Offline

Replace 'xxx' with the appropriate address of the module that you are programming.

Door Trouble Inputs

In addition to the trouble inputs of the module itself, the onboard reader can also monitor trouble inputs associated with connected doors. These are used for monitoring and reporting door troubles such as door forced and duress conditions.

Input Number	Description	Default Trouble Group	Default Trouble Group Option
Door xxx 01	Door Forced	Access	Forced Door
Door xxx 02	Door Left Open	Access	Left Open
Door xxx 08	Door Duress	None	None

'xxx' refers to the **Name** of the door in the Protege system.

Inputs

The controller has 8 onboard inputs for monitoring the state of devices such as magnetic contacts, motion detectors and temperature sensors. Devices connected to the inputs can be installed to a maximum distance of 300m (1000ft) from the module when using 22 AWG wire.



- Magnetic contacts shall be listed to UL 634 to comply with UL installation standards and ULC/ORD-C634 to comply with ULC installation standards.
- Motion detectors and temperature sensors shall be listed to UL 639 to comply with UL installation standards and ULC-S306 to comply with ULC installation standards.
- The controller has been evaluated for UL 294, UL 1076, UL 1610, UL 1635, CAN/ULC-S304, CAN/ULC-S319 and CAN/ULC-S559.

Inputs can be programmed using the Protege software. Inputs CP001:01 to CP001:08 represent the controller's onboard inputs. Additional inputs are supported through the use of expansion modules.

The controller supports normally opened and normally closed configurations with or without EOL resistors. When using an input with the EOL resistor configuration, the controller generates an alarm condition when the state of an input changes between open and closed and generates a tamper alarm condition when a wire fault (short circuit) or a cut wire (tampered) in the line occurs. Inputs default to require the EOL resistor configuration.

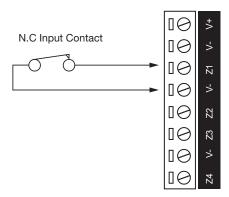
EOL Resistor Input Configuration

Inputs 1-4 and 5-8 can operate as either general purpose inputs or as onboard reader inputs. If used as general purpose inputs you must ensure that they are not defined in the onboard reader set up.

Each input can use a different input configuration. To program a large number of inputs with the same configuration use the multiple selection feature within the Protege software.

When using the 'No Resistor' configuration the controller only monitors the opened and closed state of the connected input device, generating the alarm (open) and restore (closed/sealed) conditions.

No EOL Resistor Input Configuration



EOL Resistor Value Options

When using the EOL resistor configuration, the EOL resistor option must be configured based on the site requirements. Note these resistor options are supported on the controller but not all resistor options are supported on all Protege field modules.

Value 1	Value 2	Monitored Status
No Resistor	No Resistor	Open, Closed
1k	1k	Open, Closed, Tamper, Short
6k8	2k2	Open, Closed, Tamper, Short
10k	10k	Open, Closed, Tamper, Short
2k2	2k2	Open, Closed, Tamper, Short
4k7	2k2	Open, Closed, Tamper, Short
4k7	4k7	Open, Closed, Tamper, Short
5k6	5k6	Open, Closed, Tamper, Short
N/O alarm	5k6	Open, Closed, Tamper



The 5k6 Value 1 and Value 2 have not been evaluated by UL, cUL, ULC.

Duplex Inputs

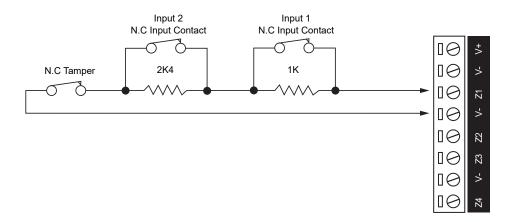
The controller is able to support up to 16 inputs when duplex mode is enabled.

To enable this feature, navigate to **System | Settings** and enter the following command:

DuplexZones = true

In addition, you will need to manually add additional inputs with addresses 9-16 in **Programming | Inputs**.

Duplex Input Configuration



The following table indicates the position and resistor configuration corresponding to each input address:

Input Address	Position	Resistor
1	Z1	1K
2	Z1	2K4
3	Z2	1K
4	Z2	2K4
5	Z3	1K
6	Z3	2K4
7	Z4	1K
8	Z4	2K4
9	Z5	1K
10	Z5	2K4
11	Z6	1K
12	Z6	2K4
13	Z7	1K
14	Z7	2K4
15	Z8	1K
16	Z8	2K4

Enabling duplex inputs will not change the programming of any existing inputs. These must be reprogrammed or rewired to match the new addressing scheme.

Trouble Inputs

Each controller can monitor up to 64 local trouble inputs.

Trouble inputs are used to monitor the status of the controller and in most cases are not physically connected to an external input. These can then be used to report a message to a monitoring station, remote computer, keypad or siren.

The following table details the trouble inputs that are configured in the controller and the trouble groups that they are associated with.

Input Number	Description	Default Trouble Group	Default Trouble Group Option
CP001:01	Reserved	-	-
CP001:02	12V Supply Failure	General	AC Failure
CP001:03	Reserved	-	-
CP001:04	Real Time Clock Not Set	General	RTC/Clock Loss
CP001:05	Service Report Test	-	-
CP001:06	Service Report Failure to Communicate	General	Reporting Failure
CP001:07	Phone Line Fault (modem model only)	General	Phone Line Lost
CP001:08	Auxiliary Failure	General	Power Fault
CP001:09	Bell Cut/Tamper	General	Bell/Output Fault
CP001:10	Reserved	-	-
CP001:11	Bell Current Overload	General	Bell/Output Fault
CP001:12	Reserved	-	-
CP001:13	Module Communication	System	Module Loss
CP001:14	Module Network Security	System	Module Security
CP001:15	Reserved	-	-
CP001:16	Reserved	-	-
CP001:17	Reserved	-	-
CP001:18	Reserved	-	-
CP001:19	Reserved	-	-
CP001:20	Report IP Reporting Failure	System	Hardware Fault
CP001:21	Reserved	-	-
CP001:22	Modbus Communication Fault	System	Hardware Fault
CP001:23	Protege System Remote Access	System	Hardware Fault
CP001:24	Installer Logged In	System	Hardware Fault
CP001:25	Reserved	-	-
CP001:26	Reserved	-	-
CP001:27	Reserved	-	-
CP001:28	Reserved	-	-
CP001:29	System restarted	System	Hardware Fault
CP001:30	Reserved	-	-
CP001:31	Reserved	-	-
CP001:32	3G Modem Link Lost (legacy 3G modem model only)	System	Hardware Fault
CP001:33	Controller Group Link Lost	System	Hardware Fault

Input Number	Description	Default Trouble Group	Default Trouble Group Option
	H	1	
CP001:64	Reserved	-	-



CP001:33 Controller Group Link Lost is not evaluated by UL, cUL, ULC.

Outputs

The controller has 7 onboard outputs. These outputs are used to activate bell sirens, lighting circuits, door locks, relay accessory products and other automation points. The first output on the controller has a special hardware design that allows it to monitor for fault conditions and is ideally suited to driving sirens or warning devices.

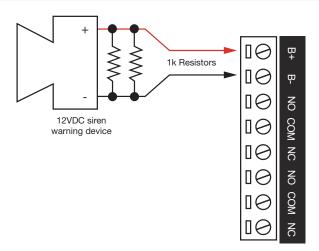
Bell/Siren Output



Not investigated by UL/ULC for local burglary applications.

The + and - terminals of the bell output (CP001:01) are used to power bells, sirens or any devices that require a steady voltage output. The bell output supplies 12VDC upon alarm and supports one 30-watt siren. The bell output uses an electronically fused circuit and automatically shuts down under fault conditions.

Connecting a Piezo siren may result in a dull noise being emitted. This is caused by residual current from the monitoring circuit. To prevent this occurring, connect two 1K resistors in parallel.

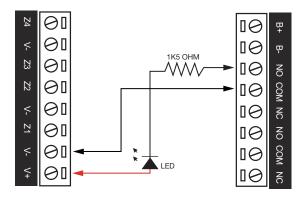


If the load on the bell terminals returns to normal, the controller reinstates power to the bell terminals on the next transition of the output.

When the bell output is not used, the appropriate trouble input will be activated. This can be avoided by connecting a 1K resistor (provided in the accessory bag) across the bell output. If the bell is not being used for another function, and the trouble input is not programmed in the system, a resistor is not required.

Relay Outputs

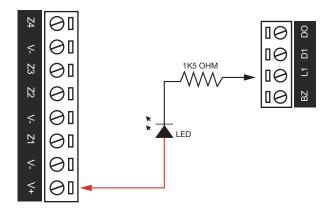
The relay outputs (CP001:03 and CP001:04) on the controller are Form C relays with normally open and normally closed contacts. These outputs can be used to activate larger relays, sounders and lights, etc.



Warning: Relay outputs can switch to a maximum capacity of 7A. Exceeding 7A will damage the output.

Reader Outputs

If readers are not attached to the reader ports then the Reader 1 L1 and BZ, and the Reader 2 L1 and BZ outputs can be used as general purpose outputs. These can be controlled by assigning the RDxxxGreen R1, RDxxx Beeper R1, RDxxx Beeper R2 and RDxxx Beeper R2 outputs of whichever reader module has been configured as the onboard reader module. These are open drain outputs which switch to the V- reference.



Warning: The reader outputs can switch to a maximum capacity of 50mA. Exceeding this amount will damage the output.

Hardware Configuration

Configuring a Controller via the Web Interface

The controller's built-in web interface allows you to configure system communication and security settings, including login, IP address, subnet mask, gateway and DNS settings, as well as security certificates.

For information on using the controller's web interface to configure IP network and security settings, see the Protege WX Integrated System Controller Configuration Guide, available from the ICT website.

Setting the IP Address from a Keypad

If the current IP address of the controller is not known it can be viewed and changed using a Protege keypad.

- 1. Connect the keypad to the module network.
- 2. Log in to the keypad using any valid installer code. The default installer code is 000000. If the default code has been overridden and you do not know the new codes you will need to default the controller (see Defaulting the Controller in this document) to reset the code.
 - Note that this will erase **all** existing programming as well as setting up the default installer code.
- Once logged in select Menu 4 (Install Menu) then Menu 2 (IP Menu) and view or edit the IP address, network mask, and gateway as required.

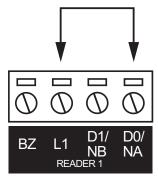
Once the settings have been changed you must save the settings by pressing the **[Arm]** key. You will be prompted to confirm the changes by pressing **[Enter]**. You must then restart the controller, either through the menu **[4]**, **[2]**, **[2]** or by cycling the power, for the settings to take effect.

Temporarily Defaulting the IP Address

If the currently configured IP address is unknown it can be temporarily set to 192.168.111.222 so that you can connect to the web interface to view and/or change it. This will also temporarily disable HTTPS security, which may help resolve some connection issues.

This defaults the IP address for as long as power is applied, but does not save the change permanently. Once the link is removed and power is cycled to the unit the configured IP address is used.

- 1. Remove power to the controller by disconnecting the 12V DC input.
- 2. Wait until the power indicator is off.
- 3. Connect a wire link between **Reader 1** D0 input and **Reader 1** L1 output.



4. Power up the controller. Wait for the status indicator to begin flashing steadily.

Accessing the Controller

5. When the controller starts up it will use the following temporary settings:

IP Address: 192.168.111.222Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0Gateway: 192.168.111.254

DHCP: DisabledUse HTTPS: Disabled

6. Connect to the controller by entering http://192.168.111.222 into the address bar of your web browser, and view or change the IP address and other network settings as required.

Remember to change the subnet of your PC or laptop to match the subnet of the controller.

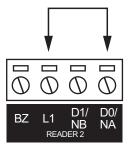
7. Remove the wire link(s) and power cycle the controller again. The controller will now use the configured network settings.

Defaulting a Controller

The controller can be factory defaulted, which resets all internal data and event information. This allows you to remove all programming and start afresh.

Defaulting the controller resets the IP address to the factory default IP of 192.168.1.2

- 1. Remove power to the controller by disconnecting the 12V DC input.
- 2. Wait until the power indicator is off.
- 3. Connect a wire link between the **Reader 2** DO input and the **Reader 2** L1 output.



- 4. Power up the controller. Wait for the status indicator to begin flashing steadily.
- 5. Remove the wire link before making any changes to the controller's configuration.

The system will now be defaulted with all programming and **System Settings** returned to factory configuration, including resetting the IP address and all network configuration, and removing all operator records.

- Defaulting the controller resets the IP address to the factory default IP of 192.168.1.2.
 - Earlier versions of the controller firmware do not reset the IP address. If the controller is not available on 192.168.1.2 you will be able to connect to it via its previous IP address.
- Any configured system settings (e.g. **Default Gateway**, **Event Server**) are reset to their default values.
- Any custom HTTPS certificates are removed and the default certificate is reinstalled.
 - Earlier versions of the controller do not have a default HTTPS certificate installed. If the controller is not available via HTTPS, connect to it via HTTP.
- All operator records are removed and the admin operator must be recreated.
- All other programming is removed.

After Defaulting a Controller

Before making any changes to the controller's configuration or upgrading the firmware, **remove the wire link** used to default the controller.

After defaulting a controller a number of essential steps will need to be performed to resume normal operation. Not all of the following steps will necessarily be required, depending on your site configuration:

- 1. Connect to the controller's web interface using HTTPS, unless it is an older controller with no default certificate loaded, then it will connect using HTTP.
- 2. Recreate the admin operator and log in to the controller's web interface.
 - If you are not prompted to create the admin operator, the default username is admin with the password admin.
- 3. Reset the controller's IP address to its previous value.
- 4. Reconfigure any additional network settings.

- 5. Reinstall previously installed custom HTTPS certificates.
- 6. Restore any other system settings as required by your site configuration.

LED Indicators

Protege DIN rail modules feature comprehensive diagnostic indicators that can aid the installer in diagnosing faults and conditions. In some cases an indicator may have multiple meanings depending on the status indicator display at the time.

Power Indicator

The power indicator is lit when the correct input voltage is applied to the controller.

Note that this indicator may take several seconds to light up after power has been applied.

State	Description
On (green)	Correct input voltage applied
Off	Incorrect input voltage applied

Status Indicator

The status indicator displays the status of the controller.

State	Description
Flashing (green) at 1 second intervals	Controller is operating normally

Fault Indicator

The fault indicator is lit any time the controller is operating in a non-standard mode. During normal operation the fault indicator is off.

State	Description
Off	Controller is operating normally
On (red) Controller is operating in a non-standard mode	

Ethernet Link Indicator

The ethernet indicator shows the status of the ethernet connection.

State	Description
On (green)	Valid link with a hub, switch or direct connection to a personal computer detected
Flashing (green) Data is being received or transmitted	
Off	Ethernet cable not connected, no link detected

Reader Data Indicators

The R1 and R2 indicators display the status of the data being received by the onboard readers.

State	Description
Short flash (red)	A SHORT flash (<250 milliseconds) will show that data was received but was not in the correct format
Long flash (red)	A LONG flash (>1 second) indicates that the unit has read the data and the format was correct

Bell Indicator

The Bell indicator shows the status of the bell output and the over current or circuit fault conditions.

State	Description
Off	Bell is connected, output is OFF
On (green)	Bell is ON
Single flash (green)	Bell is ON, the circuit is in over current protection
Two flashes (green)	Bell is OFF, the circuit to the siren/bell is cut, damaged or tampered

Relay Indicators

The relay indicators show the status of the lock output relays.

State	Description
Constantly on (red)	Relay output is ON
Constantly off	Relay output is OFF

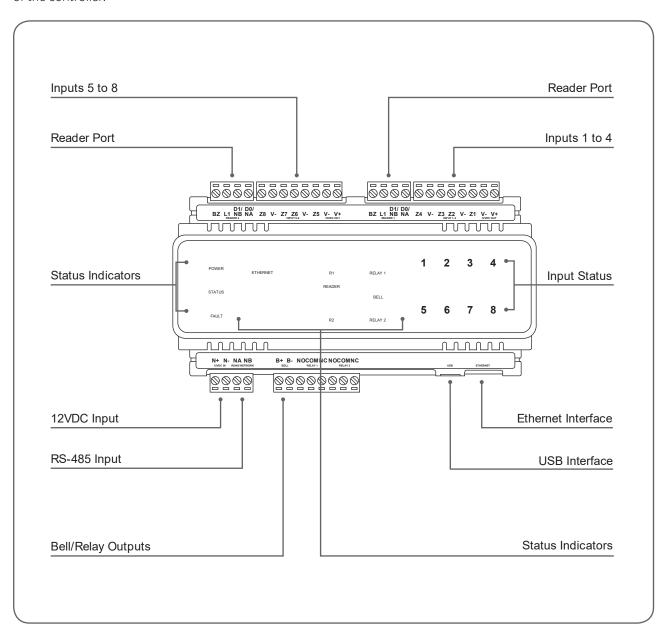
Input Indicators

Whenever an input on the module is programmed with an input type and area, the input status will be displayed on the front panel indicator corresponding to the physical input number. This allows for easy test verification of inputs without the need to view the inputs from the keypad or the Protege software.

State	Description
Constantly off	Input is not programmed
Constantly on (red)	Input is in an open state
Constantly on (green)	Input is in a closed state
Continuous flash (red)	Input is in a tamper state
Continuous flash (green)	Input is in a short state

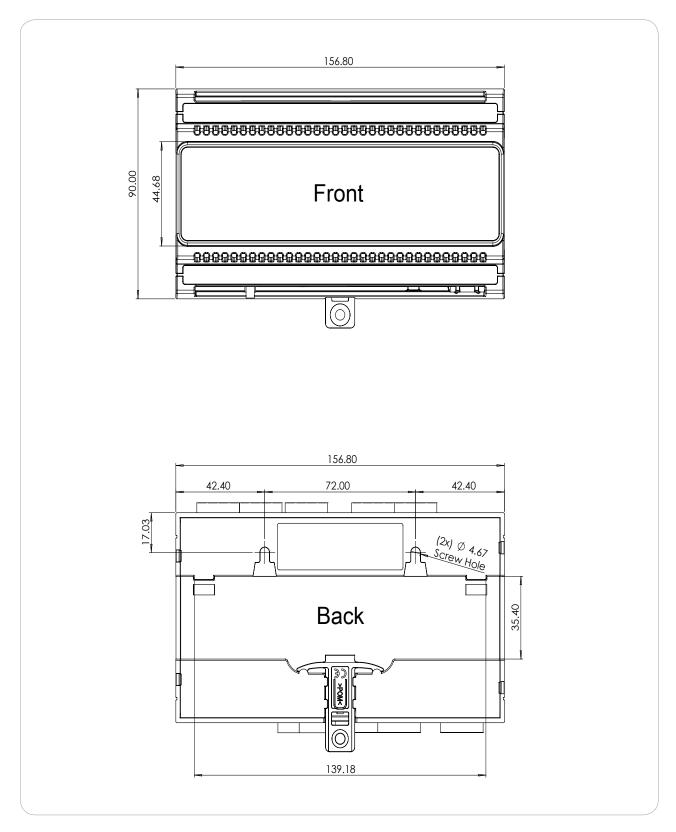
Mechanical Diagram

The mechanical diagram shown below outlines the essential details needed to help ensure the correct installation of the controller.



Mechanical Layout

The mechanical layout below outlines the essential details needed to help ensure correct installation and mounting. All measurements are shown in millimeters.



Technical Specifications

The following specifications are important and vital to the correct operation of this product. Failure to adhere to the specifications will result in any warranty or guarantee that was provided becoming null and void.

Ordering Information			
PRT-WX-DIN-IP	Protege WX DIN Rail Integrated System Controller (IP only)		
Power Supply			
Operating Voltage	11-14V DC		
Operating Current	120mA (Typical)		
DC Output (Auxiliary)	10.45-13.85V DC 0.7A (Typical) Electronic shutdown at 1.1A		
Bell DC Output (Continuous)	10.4-13.45V DC 8 ohm 30W Siren or 1.1A (Typical) Electronic shutdown at 1.6A		
Bell DC Output (Inrush)	1500mA		
Total Combined Current*	3.4A (max)		
Electronic Disconnection	9.0V DC		
Communication			
Ethernet	10/100Mbps ethernet communication link		
RS-485	3 RS-485 communication interface ports - 1 for module communication, 2 for reader communication		
USB	Type-A		
Readers	Readers		
Readers	2 reader ports, independently configurable for either Wiegand (up to 1024 bits configurable) or RS-485, allowing connection of up to 4 readers providing entry/exit control for two doors **		
	RS-485 reader port connections support configuration for OSDP protocol		
Inputs			
Inputs (System Inputs)	8 high security monitored inputs		
Outputs			
Outputs	4 (50mA max) open collector outputs for reader LED and beeper or general functions		
Relay Outputs	2 Form C relays - 7A N.O/N.C. at 30V AC/DC resistive/inductive		
Dimensions			
Dimensions (L x W x H)	156 x 90 x 60mm (6.14 x 3.54 x 2.36")		
Net Weight	348g (12.3oz)		
Gross Weight	428g (15.1oz)		
Operating Conditions			
Operating Temperature	UL/ULC 0° to 49°C (32° to 120°F) : EU EN -10° to 55°C (14° to 131°F)		
Storage Temperature	-10° to 85°C (14° to 185°F)		

Humidity	0%-93% non-condensing, indoor use only (relative humidity)
Mean Time Between Failures (MTBF)	560,421 hours (calculated using RDF 2000 (UTE C 80-810) Standard)

^{*} The total combined current refers to the current that will be drawn from the external power supply to supply the expander and any devices connected to its outputs. The auxiliary outputs are directly connected via thermal resettable fuses to the N+ N- input terminals, and the maximum current is governed by the trip level of these fuses. The Bell output is connected in the same way.

The size of conductor used for the supply of power to the unit should be adequate to prevent voltage drop at the terminals of no more than 5% of the rated supply voltage.

Integrated Control Technology continually strives to increase the performance of its products. As a result these specifications may change without notice. We recommend consulting our website (www.ict.co) for the latest documentation and product information.

^{**} Each reader port supports either Wiegand or RS-485 reader operation, but not both at the same time. If combining reader technologies, they must be connected on separate ports.

Current and Validation Example

The example shown below refers to the specifications needed to help ensure the correct installation of a Protege controller. Specifications should be validated to ensure that individual maximum currents and total combined current are not exceeded.

Example

External Devices Connected to Panel	
4 EDGE PIR Motion Detectors (Inputs 1-4) connected on AUX1 Output	
4 EDGE PIR Motion Detectors (Inputs 5-8) connected on AUX2 Output	
1 30W Siren (1.1A (1100mA) @ 13.8VDC)	

Current Consumption	
Total Combined Current before shutdown	3.4A (3400mA)
Operating Current	120mA (Typical)
DC Output (AUX1)	4 EDGE PIR Motion Detectors @ 15mA each (Total 60mA)
DC Output (AUX2)	4 EDGE PIR Motion Detectors @ 15mA each (Total 60mA)
Siren on Bell Output	1.1A (1100mA)
Total Consumption	1.34A (1340mA)

Validation		
Is the total DC Output (AUX1) current less or equal to 1.1A (1100mA)?	Yes, it is 60mA	②
Is the total DC Output (AUX2) current less or equal to 1.1A (1100mA)?	Yes, it is 60mA	Ø
Is the Bell current output less or equal to 1.1A (1100mA)?	Yes, it is 1.1A (1100mA)	Ø
Is the total combined current less or equal to 3.4A (3400mA)?	Yes, it is 1.34A (1340mA)	Ø

New Zealand and Australia

General Product Statement

The RCM compliance label indicates that the supplier of the device asserts that it complies with all applicable standards.



Intruder Detection Maintenance Routine

Integrated Control Technology recommends regular maintenance of the Protege system, including Protege controllers, expander modules and other connected devices.

The periodic routine maintenance procedures outlined in this section accord with AS/NZS standards for intruder detection systems:

- AS/NZS 2201.1-2007 SECTION 5 MAINTENANCE AND SERVICE
- AS/NZS 2201.1-2007 SECTION 5 RECORDS AND REPORT

Copies of these standards are available from Standards New Zealand, and can be purchased online from https://shop.standards.govt.nz.

Peripheral Devices

This section outlines specific routine maintenance procedures for Protege controllers and expander modules which are used for intruder detection. It does not include specific instructions for peripheral devices connected to the Protege system, such as motion detectors, smoke detectors and warning devices. Although many of these peripheral devices will be operated as part of the maintenance procedures described below, this may not meet the routine maintenance procedures recommended for those devices.

As a minimum, we recommend that you follow the AS/NZS 2201.1-2007 standards relating to:

- Detection devices for internal use (AS/NZS 2201.3 Part 3)
- Audible and visible alarm and warning devices

Testing Frequency

The maintenance procedures outlined below meet the requirements of AS/NZS 2201.1-2007, which specifies that testing of the intruder detection system must be carried out at least once a year. However, the testing frequency of detection devices, alarm warning devices and reporting operations should be determined according to the needs of the particular installation and local body regulations.

For some clients or sites it may be prudent to perform more frequent testing to ensure the integrity of the system. For example:

- Sites which require a higher rate of security or are heavily affected by environmental conditions may choose to have testing carried out more frequently.
- Very large sites with hundreds of detection devices may prefer to arrange multiple testing rounds per year, with a percentage of the devices tested in each round.

In contrast, sites where automated testing functions have been implemented may find that annual maintenance visits are adequate.

Recommended Routine Maintenance Procedures

Preliminary Procedures

Task	Frequency	Description
Notify the alarm monitoring company (place account 'on	As required prior to start of maintenance	If the system is monitored, the monitoring company must be notified before any testing begins (commonly referred to as placing the system 'on test'). In most circumstances you must be authorized to perform this task.
test') routine	The monitoring company may request a Technician or 'voice' code to identify you and the company that you represent.	
Notify personnel on the premises	As required prior to start of maintenance routine	Prior to any test that may have an impact on personnel such as testing inputs or warning devices, ensure that all affected staff members are given any necessary notification, warning or instructions.

On Site Maintenance Procedures

Task	Frequency	Description	
Check the equipment schedule and/or maintenance sheets	Once per year	Check the installation, location and siting of all equipment and devices against the 'as-built' documentation. Record and report any discrepancies.	
Check wiring and cable protection	Once per year	Visually inspect all wiring and cable protection systems (conduits, trunking, etc.). Record any damage or deterioration.	
Check for dust, moisture and vermin			
Check the power supply	Once per year	Check that all power supplies are properly connected to a mains outlet and are operational.	
Test the power supply DC output voltage	Once per year	Disconnect the backup batteries and test the DC voltages across the V+ and V- output terminals on all power supplies. The recommended voltage range is 12.4 - 14.0 VDC.	
Test expander module DC output voltage	Once per year	Test DC voltage across the V+ and V- output terminals on Protege controllers, input expanders and output expanders. The recommended voltage range is 10.4 - 14.0 VDC .	
I DACK DATTORY		Check that all power supplies have batteries fitted and connected correctly to the B+ and B- terminals, and that the batteries and connections show no visible signs of corrosion.	
Took look to	Once per year	Test the DC voltage across the B+ and B- terminals of all power supplies. The recommended voltage range is 13.4 - 13.8 VDC .	
Test battery charge voltage		Note: When the mains power is restored following an AC fail condition, the battery charge voltage may fluctuate between 10.0 - 13.8 VDC while the battery is recharging.	

Task	Frequency	Description	
Replace battery	Once per 3-5 years, or as specified by the battery manufacturer	Replace each power supply battery as required with another of equivalent or better specifications. Record the installation date of the new battery in the system maintenance records and in a clearly visible location within the equipment enclosure or on the battery itself.	
Check keypad keys	Once per year	Check the operation of every key on the keypad, that all keys are clearly legible and that the keypad backlighting is operational.	
Check keypad display	Once per year	Check the operation of the keypad display to ensure that all characters display correctly on the screen and that the backlight is operational and at the correct brightness.	
Test the	As agreed between monitoring company	Note : This procedure must be pre-arranged in consultation with the monitoring station.	
primary reporting service	and client, but not less than once per year	Ensure that the system is 'on test'.Perform an operation that triggers reporting.Check that the system reports successfully.	
		Note : This procedure must be pre-arranged in consultation with the monitoring station.	
Test the backup reporting service As agreed between monitoring company and client, but not less than once per year	 Disable the primary reporting service. Perform an operation that triggers a reportable alarm. Check that the system correctly reports alarm to the backup reporting service after failing to communicate with the primary service. Re-enable the primary reporting service. 		
		Note : This procedure must be pre-arranged in consultation with the monitoring station.	
Test system inputs and areas programmed to report	As agreed between monitoring company and client, but not less than once per year	 Consult the maintenance sheets for a list of all inputs to be tested. Activate each input by causing it to switch from the closed state to open (alarm) and back to closed. Check the system event log for associated open/close events. Check off each input on the maintenance sheet after successful testing and report any discrepancies. Return all alarm areas to their pre-test states. Obtain an activity report of all input opens/closes and area alarms/restores from the monitoring station. Compare the monitoring station report with the system event log for the period to ensure that all tested inputs and areas reported correctly. Record and report any discrepancies. Special testing equipment and procedures may be required for smoke, heat, seismic glass-break and other detectors. 	

Task	Frequency	Description
	As says and his true are	Note : This procedure must be pre-arranged in consultation with the monitoring station.
Test warning device outputs	As agreed between monitoring company and client, but not less than once per year May be performed alongside Input Testing (above)	 Test the operation of each audible and visible warning device. Consult the maintenance sheets for a list of all outputs to be tested. Arm any relevant areas. Activate each warning device, either by user operation or by triggering an alarm which should cause activation. Check that each warning device works as specified. Record and report any discrepancies. Reset/Restore alarm areas to their previous state.

Software Maintenance Procedures

Task	Frequency	Description
Back up programming database	Recommended monthly	Backups of the programming database should be performed on a regular basis. It is vital that backups be stored offsite for disaster recovery. See the Operator Reference Manual for instructions on how to backup your database.
Back up events database	Recommended monthly	Backups or exports of recorded events should be performed on a regular basis. Verify that the backup file has been created. See the Operator Reference Manual for instructions on how to backup your database.

Follow-up Procedures

Task	Frequency	Description
Perform necessary system modifications	As required	Complete any modifications to the system resulting from the maintenance procedures. Record these in the maintenance sheets and report.
Obtain client sign off	At the conclusion of each maintenance visit	Obtain the signature of the client or the client's representative on the maintenance record.

European Standards

CE Statement **C €**

Conforms where applicable to European Union (EU) Low Voltage Directive (LVD) 2014/35/EU, Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Directive 2014/30/EU, Radio Equipment Directive (RED)2014/53/EU and RoHS Recast (RoHS2) Directive: 2011/65/EU + Amendment Directive (EU) 2015/863.

This equipment complies with the rules, of the Official Journal of the European Union, for governing the Self Declaration of the CE Marking for the European Union as specified in the above directive(s).



Information on Disposal for Users of Waste Electrical & Electronic Equipment

This symbol on the product(s) and / or accompanying documents means that used electrical and electronic products should not be mixed with general household waste. For proper treatment, recovery and recycling, please take this product(s) to designated collection points where it will be accepted free of charge.

Alternatively, in some countries you may be able to return your products to your local retailer upon purchase of an equivalent new product.

Disposing of this product correctly will help save valuable resources and prevent any potential negative effects on human health and the environment, which could otherwise arise from inappropriate waste handling.

Please contact your local authority for further details of your nearest designated collection point.

Penalties may be applicable for incorrect disposal of this waste, in accordance with your national legislation.

For business users in the European Union

If you wish to discard electrical and electronic equipment, please contact your dealer or supplier for further information.

Information on Disposal in other Countries outside the European Union

This symbol is only valid in the European Union. If you wish to discard this product please contact your local authorities or dealer and ask for the correct method of disposal.

EN50131 Standards

This component meets the requirements and conditions for full compliance with EN50131 series of standards for equipment classification.

EN 50131-1:2006+A2:2017, EN 50131-3:2009, EN 50131-6:2008+A1:2014, EN 50131-10:2014, EN 50136-1:2012, EN 50136-2:2013, EN 60839-11-1:2013

This component meets the requirements and conditions for full compliance with EN50131-3 (2010) 8.10.1 and EN50131-1 (2006) 8.10 when connected to a compliant ARC (Alarm Reporting Centre).

Security Grade 4

Environmental Class II

Equipment Class: Fixed

Readers Environmental Class: IVA, IK07

SP1 (PSTN - voice protocol)

SP2 (PSTN - digital protocol),

SP6 (LAN - Ethernet) and DP1 (LAN - Ethernet + PSTN)

SP6 (LAN - Ethernet) and DP1 (LAN - Ethernet + USB-4G modem)

Tests EMC (operational) according to EN 55032:2015

Radiated disturbance EN 55032:2015

Power frequency magnetic field immunity tests (EN 61000-4-8)

EN50131

In order to comply with EN 50131-1 the following points should be noted:

- Ensure for Grade 3 or 4 compliant systems, the minimum PIN length is set for 6 digits.
- To comply with EN 50131-1 Engineer access must first be authorized by a user, therefore Installer codes will only be accepted when the system is unset. If additional restriction is required then Engineer access may be time limited to the first 30 seconds after the system is unset.
- Reporting delay -Violation off the entry path during the entry delay countdown will trigger a warning alarm. The warning alarm should not cause a main alarm signal and is not reported at this time. It can be signaled locally, visually and or by internal siren type. If the area is not disarmed within 30 seconds, the entry delay has expired or another instant input is violated, the main alarm will be triggered and reported.
- To comply with EN 50131-1 neither Internals Only on Part Set Input Alarm nor Internals Only on Part Set Tamper Alarm should be selected.
- To comply with EN 50131-1 Single Button Setting should not be selected.
- To comply with EN 50131-1 only one battery can be connected and monitored per system. If more capacity is required a single larger battery must be used.
- For Security Grade 4 installations, two forms of reporting are required. This can be satisfied using the onboard 2400bps modem included with the modem controller model, or through the incorporation of the PRT-4G-USB cellular modem module into the installation with the non-modem controller model.

Anti Masking

To comply with EN 50131-1 Grade 3 or 4 for Anti Masking, detectors with a separate or independent mask signal should be used and the mask output should be connected to another input.

I.e. Use 2 inputs per detector. One input for alarm/tamper and one input for masking.

To comply with EN 50131-1:

- Do not fit more than 10 unpowered detectors per input,
- Do not fit more than one non-latching powered detector per input,
- Do not mix unpowered detectors and non-latching powered detectors on an input.

To comply with EN 50131-1 the Entry Timer should not be programmed to more than 45 seconds.

To comply with EN 50131-1 the Bell Cut-Off Time should be programmed between 02 and 15 minutes.

EN 50131-1 requires that detector activation LEDs shall only be enabled during Walk Test. This is most conveniently achieved by using detectors with a Remote LED Disable input.

To comply with EN 50131-1, EN 60839-11 Security Grade 4 and AS/NZS2201.1 class 4&5 Vibration Detection for PreTamper Alarm, protection is provided by a DSC SS-102 Shockgard Seismic vibration sensor mounted within the system enclosure. Alarm output is provided by a pair of non-latching, N.C. (normally closed) relay contacts, opening for a minimum of 1 second on detection of an alarm connected in series with the 24Hr tamper input (TP) on the PSU (or any other system input designated/programmed as a 24Hr Tamper Alarm).

This relay is normally energized to give fail-safe operation in the event of a power loss. Indication of detection is provided by a LED situated on the front cover. The vibration sensor is fully protected from tampering by a N.C. micro switch operated by removal of the cover.

Enclosure EN-DIN-24 has been tested and certified to EN50131.

By design, the enclosures for all Integrated Control Technology products, EN-DIN-11, EN-DIN-12 and EN-DIN-24-ATTACK, comply with the EN 50131 standards. Tamper protection against removal of the cover as well as removal from mounting is provided by tamper switch.

Warning: Enclosures supplied by 3rd parties may not be EN50131-compliant, and should not be claimed as such.

UK Conformity Assessment Mark

General Product Statement

The UKCA Compliance Label indicates that the supplier of the device asserts that it complies with all applicable standards.



UK PD 6662:2017 and BS 8243

Protege systems conform to PD 6662:2017 and BS 8243 at the security grade and notification option applicable to the system.

UL and ULC Installation Requirements

Only UL / ULC listed compatible products are intended to be connected to a UL / ULC listed control system.

For UL 1610, ULC S304 and ULC S559 installations where a secondary method of reporting is required, use the onboard 2400bps modem included with the modem controller model, or incorporate the PRT-4G-USB cellular modem module into the installation with the non-modem controller model.

UL/ULC Installation Cabinet Options

ULC Central Station Fire Monitoring, UL/ULC Central Station Alarm Installations

Cabinet Model	UL/ULC Installation Listings
EN-DIN-24-ATTACK	UL1610, UL1635, UL1076, ULC-S304, ULC-S559

ULC Fire Monitoring

Cabinet Model	ULC Installation Listings	
EN-DIN-12		
EN-DIN-24	LIL C CEEO	
EN-DIN-24-ATTACK	ULC-S559	
EN-DIN-11V		

Electronic Access Control System Installations

Cabinet Model	UL/ULC Installation Listings
EN-DIN-12	
EN-DIN-24	UL294, UL1076, ULC-ORD-C1076-86, CAN/ULC-S319
EN-DIN-24-ATTACK	



All cabinet installations of this type must be located **inside the Protected Area**.

Not to be mounted on the exterior of a vault, safe or stockroom.

All cabinet internal covers and lids/doors must be connected to the cabinet's main ground point for electrical safety and static discharge protection.

Central Station Signal Receiver Compatibility List

- IP Receiver via Ethernet Port: ArmorIP Internet Monitoring Receiver. Internet monitoring software and interconnected with a (DAXW/C) central station automation system software and compatible receiving equipment.
- CID Receiver via Onboard Modem: Any UL and ULC listed receiver that uses the Contact ID protocol.
 Modem model only.

UL Operation Mode

UL operation mode should be enabled in Protege WX system settings. Select **System | Settings | Options** and then select **Enable UL Operation Mode** for the Protege WX system to operate in UL compliance mode.

This setting has the following effects:

- Adds a 10 second grace period following a failed poll before a module is reported as offline.
 - Each module sends a poll message to the controller every 250 seconds. The module will be reported as offline if no poll has been received for the duration of this poll time plus the 10 second grace period.
- Suppresses reporting of all alarms and/or reportable events to a monitoring station within the first two minutes of the controller powering up. The system will continue to send poll messages as usual.
- Reports 'Input Tamper' events as 'Input Open' events when the area that the input is assigned to is armed. If the area is disarmed an 'Input Tamper' message will be sent.
- Limits the **Dial attempts** for reporting services to a maximum of 8.

This setting must be used in conjunction with the other configuration requirements as noted in this section.

ULC Compliance Requirements

CAN/ULC-60839-11-1

- The Protege controller and reader expander module are intended to be mounted within the enclosure (refer to UL/ULC Installation Cabinet Options), installed inside the protected premise, and are CAN/ULC-60839-11-1 Listed for Class I applications only.
- Exit devices and wiring must be installed within the protected area.
- For the Protege controller and reader expander module, all RS-485 and reader terminal connections must be made using shielded grounded cable.
- All readers must be connected with shielded, grounded cable.
- A bell or visual indicator used as an arming acknowledgment signal must be listed to a ULC security, signaling or fire standard. If intended to be mounted outside, it must be rated for outdoor use.
- Fail secure locking mechanisms shall only be installed where allowed by the local authority having jurisdiction (AHJ) and shall not impair the operation of panic hardware and emergency egress.
- If fire resistance is required for door assembly, portal locking device(s) must be evaluated to ULC-S533 and CAN/ULC-S104.
- Must be installed with CAN/ULC-60839-11-1 listed portal locking device(s) for ULC installations.
- If a flexible cord is used to connect to line voltage, strain relief must be provided for the cord inside the enclosure or at the knockout.
- The power supply is not intended to be mounted on the exterior of vault, safe, or stockroom.

CAN/ULC-S304

Auto Arming

Control units that support auto arming shall provide an audible signal throughout the protected area not less than 10 min prior to the auto arming taking place. The control unit shall allow authorized users to cancel the auto arming sequence and transmit such cancelation to the signal receiving center with the identification of the authorized user that canceled the action.

The following options must be enabled in the Protege system when using the Auto Arming feature. When the defer warning time is programmed to 10 minutes, the output group will be activated 10 minutes before the system performs the Auto Arming in the associated Area.

- The **Defer Output or Output Group** must be programmed. Refer to the section Areas | Outputs in the Operator Reference Manual for programming instructions.

- The **Defer Warning Time** must be programmed to not less than 10 minutes. Refer to the section Areas | Configuration in the Operator Reference Manual.
- The **Defer Automatic Arming** option must be enabled. Refer to the section Areas | Options (2) in the Operator Reference Manual.

Arming Signal

A bell or visual indicator used as an arming acknowledgment signal must be listed to a ULC security, signaling or fire standard. If intended to be mounted outside, it must be rated for outdoor use.

Double EOL Input Configuration

Only double EOL Input Configuration shall be used. Refer to the Inputs section of this manual and the section Inputs | Options in the Operator Reference Manual.

Multiplex System and Poll Time

The Protege controller is compatible with the ArmorlP Internet Monitoring Receiver. Poll Time must be set to 40 seconds and the Grace Time must be set to 20 seconds.

In the Protege system, the reporting service must be configured to 40 seconds. The following options are required for the service selected as Report IP type:

- The **Log Polling Message** option must be enabled. Refer to the section Report IP | Options in the Operator Reference Manual.
- The **Poll Time** must be programmed to 40 seconds. Refer to the Report IP | General section in the Operator Reference Manual.

Central Station Signal Receiver

The common equipment of each signal receiving center control unit shall be limited to 1000 alarm systems.

Number of attempts

In the event of unsuccessful communication, a digital alarm communicator transmitter shall make a minimum of 5 and a maximum of 10 attempts. Where the maximum number of attempts to complete the sequence is reached, an indication of the failure shall be made at the premises.

In the Protege system, the reporting service selected as Contact ID must have the number of attempts programmed to 5 attempts. The **Dial Attempts** option must be programmed. Refer to the section Contact ID | Settings in the Operator Reference Manual.

If the PRT-4G-USB cellular modem is being used as the secondary reporting option in the installation, the Report IP service assigned to the cellular modem must be programmed as above.

Check-In Time

DACT communication channel check-in time is not to exceed 24 hrs.

Trouble Input Service Test Report

- The **Test Report Time** must be programmed. Refer to the section Controllers | Configuration in the Operator Reference Manual.
- The **Generate Input Restore on Test Input** option must be enabled. Refer to the section Controller | Options in the Operator Reference Manual.
- The **Test Report Time is Periodic** option must be enabled. Refer to the section Controller | Options in the Operator Reference Manual.

Primary Communication Channel

The first attempt to send a status change signal shall utilize the primary communication channel.

The Report IP and Contact ID services must be programmed and enabled within the Protege system, and the CID service must be set as the backup service.

If the PRT-4G-USB cellular modem option is being used as the secondary reporting option in the installation, the Report IP service assigned to the cellular modem must be configured as the backup service.

The following options are required:

- The **Contact ID Reporting Service** must be enabled and the **Service Mode** must be configured to start with the operating system.
- Refer to the section Contact ID in the Operator Reference Manual.

- The **Report IP Service** must be enabled as the primary communication channel and the **Service Mode** must be configured to start with the operating system. The **Reporting Protocol** must be set to ArmorIP, and the **Backup Service** must be configured to use the Contact ID Service.

If the PRT-4G-USB cellular modem option is being used as the secondary reporting option in the installation, the **Backup Service** must be configured to use the Report IP service assigned to the cellular modem.

- Refer to the section Report IP in the Operator Reference Manual.
- All ULC S304 P3 applications must transmit signals simultaneously over both the primary communications channel and the Backup Service. This will occur automatically with the above programming.

Status Change Signal

An attempt to send a status change signal shall utilize both primary and secondary communication channels.

Local Annunciation if Signal Reporting Failure

Failure of the primary communication channel or secondary communication channel shall result in a trouble signal being transmitted to the signal receiving center within 240 seconds of the detection of the fault. Failure of either communication channel shall be annunciated locally within 180 seconds of the fault.

The following options must be enabled in the Protege system:

- The **Ethernet Link Failure** trouble input must be programmed.
- The **Trouble Input Area** must be armed. Refer to the section Trouble Inputs | Areas and Input Types in the Operator Reference Manual.
- The **Log Modem Events to Event Buffer** option must be selected in the backup reporting service.

Network and Domain Access

Neither the subscriber control unit nor the signal receiving center receiver shall be susceptible to security breaches in general-purpose operating systems.

Network access policies should be set to restrict unauthorized network access and "spoofing" or "denial of service" attacks.

Ethernet Connections

All ethernet network connections shall be installed within the same room as the equipment.

Encryption

For active communications channel security, encryption shall be enabled at all times.

The ArmorIP-E (UDP) protocol must be used and the Encryption Type must be set to AES-256.

The following options must be enabled for the Report IP service in the Protege system.

- The **Reporting Protocol** must be set to ArmorlP (UDP) Encrypted. The AES key must be set as specified by monitoring station.
- Refer to the section Report IP | General in the Operator Reference Manual.

Server Configuration

Where a server is employed for control over network addressing, encryption or re-transmission, such shall be designed to remain in the "on state" at all times.

Communicators are not suitable for active communication channel security and medium or high risk applications unless such can be "online" at all times, have a minimum 128 bit encryption scheme, have encryption enabled, network and domain security implemented.

Network access policies shall be set to restrict unauthorized network access and "spoofing" or "denial of service" attacks.

Internet Service Provider (ISP)

The Internet Service Provider (ISP) providing service shall meet the following requirements:

- redundant servers/systems
- back-up power
- routers with firewalls enabled and
- methods to identify and protect against "Denial of Service" attacks (i.e. via "spoofing")

Information Technology Equipment, Products or Components of Products

Products or components of products, which perform communications functions only, shall comply with the requirements applicable to communications equipment as specified in CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 62368-1, Audio/video, information and communication technology equipment - Part 1: Safety requirements. Where network interfaces, such as the following, are internal to the subscriber control unit or receiver, compliance to CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 62368-1 is adequate. Such components include, but are not limited to:

- A) Hubs;
- B) Routers;
- C) Network interface devices;
- D) Third-party communications service providers;
- E) Digital subscriber line (DSL) modems; and
- F) Cable modems.

Backup Power Requirements

Power for network equipment such as hubs, switchers, routers, servers, modems, etc., shall be backed up or powered by an uninterruptible power supply (UPS), stand-by battery or the control unit, capable of facilitating 24h standby, compliant with Clauses 16.1.2 and 16.4.1 of CAN/ULC-S304.

For communications equipment employed at the protected premises or signal receiving center and intended to facilitate packet switched communications, as defined in CAN/ULC-S304, 24h back-up power is required.

Compromise Attempt Events

ArmorIP detects the reception of any invalid packet on the programmed port as a potential system **compromise attempt**. Each compromise attempt sends a notification to the receiver, and logs a Compromise Attempt event under the Live Panel Events.

The event is sent with the following details:

- **Account Code** as defined in the Serial Receiver settings
- **Event Code** 0x163
- **Group Code** as defined in the Serial Receiver settings
- Point Code as defined in the Serial Receiver settings

Refer to the section Global Settings | Serial Receiver in the ArmorlP Version 3 Internet Monitoring Application User Manual.

For UL and ULC installations the Central Station Receiving software must have the Contact ID details as specified, programmed for the **Compromise Attempt** event.

Power Supply Mains Power Connection

If a flexible cord is used to connect to line voltage, strain relief must be provided for the cord inside the enclosure or at the knockout.

The power supply is not intended to be mounted on the exterior of vault, safe, or stockroom.

CAN/ULC-S319

- The Protege controller and reader expander module are intended to be mounted within the enclosure (refer to UL/ULC Installation Cabinet Options), installed inside the protected premise, and are CAN/ULC-S319 Listed for Class I applications only.
- Exit devices and wiring must be installed within the protected area.
- For the Protege controller and reader expander module, all RS-485 and reader terminal connections must be made using shielded grounded cable.
- All readers must be connected with shielded, grounded cable.
- A bell or visual indicator used as an arming acknowledgment signal must be listed to a ULC security, signaling or fire standard. If intended to be mounted outside, it must be rated for outdoor use.
- Fail secure locking mechanisms shall only be installed where allowed by the local authority having jurisdiction (AHJ) and shall not impair the operation of panic hardware and emergency egress.
- If fire resistance is required for door assembly, portal locking device(s) must be evaluated to ULC-S533 and CAN/ULC-S104.

- Must be installed with CAN/ULC-S319 listed portal locking device(s) for ULC installations.
- If a flexible cord is used to connect to line voltage, strain relief must be provided for the cord inside the enclosure or at the knockout.
- The power supply is not intended to be mounted on the exterior of vault, safe, or stockroom.

CAN/ULC-S559

Signal Reporting

Any fault of an active communication system shall be annunciated and recorded at the signal receiving center within 180 s of the occurrence of the fault.

The Report IP and Contact ID services must be programmed and enabled within the Protege system. The following options are required:

- The **Contact ID Reporting Service** must be enabled and the **Service Mode** must be configured to start with the operating system.
- Refer to the section Contact ID in the Operator Reference Manual.
- The **Report IP Service** must be enabled as the primary communication channel, the **Service Mode** must be configured to start with the operating system, and the **Reporting Protocol** must be set to ArmorIP.
- Refer to the section Report IP in the Operator Reference Manual.
- The **Trouble Area** must be armed. Refer to the section Trouble Inputs | Areas and Input Types in the Operator Reference Manual.

In the ArmorIP Internet Monitoring Software the **Poll Time** must be set to 40 seconds and the **Grace Time** must be set to 20 seconds. Refer to the section Poll/Grace Time in the ArmorIP Version 3 Internet Monitoring Application User Manual.

Central Station Signal Receiver

The maximum number of signal transmitting units connected to any transmission channel shall conform to the manufacturer's recommendations. The ArmorIP Receiver supports up to 10000 simultaneous connections. Refer to the section Internet Connections Requirements in the ArmorIP Receiver Installation Manual for further details.

Number of attempts

In the event of unsuccessful communication, a digital alarm communicator transmitter shall make a minimum of 5 and a maximum of 10 attempts. Where the maximum number of attempts to complete the sequence is reached, an indication of the failure shall be made at the premises.

In the Protege system, the reporting service selected as Contact ID must have the number of attempts programmed to 5 attempts. The **Dialing Attempts** option must be programmed. Refer to the section Contact ID | Settings in the Operator Reference Manual.

If the PRT-4G-USB cellular modem is being used as the secondary reporting option in the installation, the Report IP service assigned to the cellular modem must be programmed as above.

Check-In Time

DACT communication channel check-in time is not to exceed 24 hrs.

Trouble Input Service Test Report

- The **Test Report Time** must be programmed. Refer to the section Controllers | Configuration in the Operator Reference Manual.
- The **Generate Input Restore on Test Input** option must be enabled. Refer to the section Controller | Options in the Operator Reference Manual.
- The **Test Report Time is Periodic** option must be enabled. Refer to the section Controller | Options in the Operator Reference Manual.

Ethernet Connections

All ethernet network connections shall be installed within the same room as the equipment.

External Wiring

All wiring extending outside of the enclosure must be protected by conduit.

Power Supply Mains Power Connection

If a flexible cord is used to connect to line voltage, strain relief must be provided for the cord inside the enclosure or at the knockout.

The power supply is not intended to be mounted on the exterior of vault, safe, or stockroom.

Arming Signal

A bell or visual indicator used as an arming acknowledgment signal must be listed to a ULC security, signaling or fire standard. If intended to be mounted outside, it must be rated for outdoor use.

Keypad Wiring

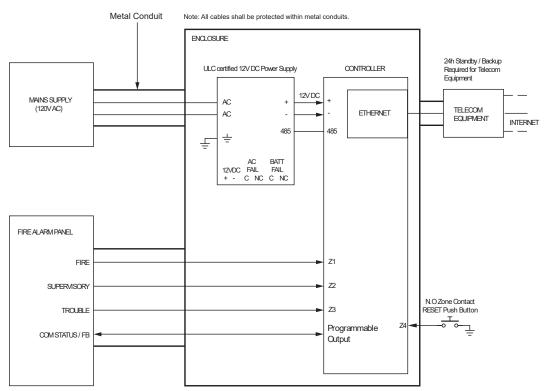
The RS-485 connection to the keypad must be wired such that the shorts and other faults on the RS-485 line connection of the keypad will not cause the controller to malfunction.

Fire Areas

Fire areas shall be separated from burglar areas through area partitioning.

NOTE: Any available dry relay contact on the Protege controller or output expander may be used for the FACP system, provided the selected output is programmed as the Report OK output.

CAN/ULC-S559 CONTROLLER ACTIVE COMMUNICATION



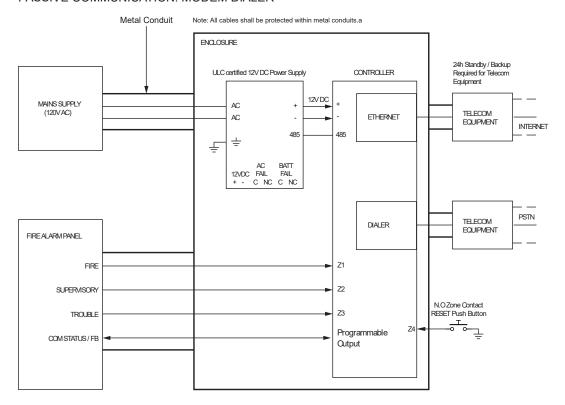
- * The AC FAIL output on the Power Supply MUSTbe programmed to follow the AC Trouble Input as follows: AC FAIL = OPEN on fail
- * Fire zones shall be separated from burglar zones through area partitioning.
- * Fire zones Z1-Z3 shall be used exclusively for fire monitoring and cannot be programmed to activate the bell output
- * Fire Zone Z4 N.O Push Button to be used as monitoring reset switch.

Typical Zone Circuits N.C Zone Contact N.C Value 1 Value 2 Monitored Status Value 2 Value 1 1K Open, Close, Tamper, Short 6K8 2K2 Open, Close, Tamper, Short 10K 10K Open, Close, Tamper, Short 2K2 2K2 Open, Close, Tamper, Short 4K7 2K2 Open, Close, Tamper, Short 4K7 4K7 Open, Close, Tamper, Short

^{*} EOL resistor must be installed at the Fire Alarm Control Panel Output.

CAN/ULC-S559 CONTROLLER

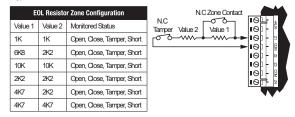
PASSIVE COMMUNICATION: MODEM DIALER



- * The AC FAIL output on the Power Supply MUSTbe programmed to follow the AC Trouble Input as follows: AC FAIL = OPEN on fail
- * Fire zones shall be separated from burglar zones through area partitioning.
- * Fire Zones Z1-Z3 shall be used exclusively for fire monitoring and cannot be programmed to activate the bell output

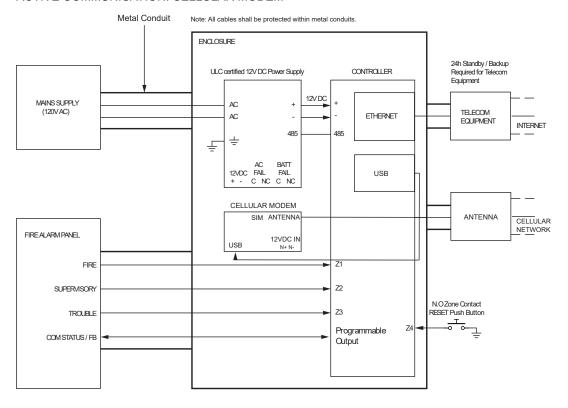
 * Fire Zone Z4 N.O Push Button to be used as monitoring reset switch.

Typical Zone Circuits



^{*} EOL resistor must be installed at the Fire Alarm Control Panel Output.

CAN/ULC-S559 CONTROLLER ACTIVE COMMUNICATION: CELLULAR MODEM



- * The AC FAIL output on the Power Supply MUSTbe programmed to follow the AC Trouble Input as follows: AC FAIL = OPEN on fail
- * Fire zones shall be separated from burglar zones through area partitioning.
- * Fire zones Z1-Z3 shall be used exclusively for fire monitoring and cannot be programmed to activate the bell output * Fire Zone Z4 N.O Push Button to be used as monitoring reset switch.

Typical Zone Circuits

EOL Resistor Zone Configuration		r Zone Configuration	N.C Zone Contact
Value 1	Value 2	Monitored Status	N.C Tamper Value 2 Value 1
1K	1K	Open, Close, Tamper, Short	
6K8	2K2	Open, Close, Tamper, Short	
10K	10K	Open, Close, Tamper, Short	I O - Z
2K2	2K2	Open, Close, Tamper, Short	
4K7	2K2	Open, Close, Tamper, Short	
4K7	4K7	Open, Close, Tamper, Short	

* EOL resistor must be installed at the Fire Alarm Control Panel Output.

Fire area inputs must be programmed as follows:

- FACP Fire Alarm Signal input type must be programmed as Fire.
- Supervisory Trouble Signal input type must be programmed as 24 HR Silent.
- Trouble Signal input type must be programmed as 24 HR Silent.

Please refer to the section Inputs | Areas and Input Types in the Operator Reference Manual.

- All fire area inputs must be placed into an area and this area must be armed. Please refer to the section Inputs | Areas and Input Types in the Operator Reference Manual.
- COM Status

FACP system with a COM STATUS input must have this input connected to one of the dry relay contacts of the Relay1 or Relay2 outputs of the Protege controller and the selected output must be programmed as the Report OK output in the Contact ID Service.

Note: Any available dry relay contact on the Protege controller or output expander may be used for the FACP system, provided the selected output is programmed as the Report OK output.

Please refer to section Contact ID | Settings in the Operator Reference Manual.

• Fire inputs Z1-Z3 shall be used exclusively for fire monitoring and cannot be programmed to activate the bell output.

UL Compliance Requirements

UI 1610

For Security Grade 4 installations, two forms of reporting are required. This can be satisfied using the onboard 2400bps modem included with the modem controller model, or through the incorporation of the PRT-4G-USB cellular modem module into the installation with the non-modem controller model.

- A local alarm sounding device, alarm housing, and control unit shall comply with the mercantile requirements in the Standard for Police Station Connected Burglar Alarm Units and Systems, UL365.
- A bell or visual indicator used as an arming acknowledgement signal must be listed to a UL security, signaling or fire standard. If intended to be mounted outside, it must be rated for outdoor use.
- Exit and entry delay must not exceed 60 seconds. To program the entry and exit delay time, refer to the section Areas | Configuration in the Operator Reference Manual.
- All ethernet network connections shall be installed within the same room as the equipment.
- Signals between the premises control unit and the receiving equipment, when not carried by wireless means, shall be protected by the following method:
 - Onboard modem telco connection must be dedicated to the Protege controller.

Modem model only.

- Ethernet connection to the Internet Service Provider (ISP) with a fixed IP Address must be dedicated to the Protege controller.
- To comply with the dual signal line transmission system requirement, both transmission lines (onboard modem and IP reporting) must be enabled. Signals shall be sent simultaneously to both the primary communications channel and the Backup Service.

The Report IP and Contact ID services must be programmed and enabled within the Protege system. The following options are required:

- The **Contact ID Reporting Service** must be enabled and the **Service Mode** must be configured to start with the operating system.
- Refer to the section Contact ID in the Operator Reference Manual.
- The **Report IP Service** must be enabled as the primary communication channel, the **Service Mode** must be configured to start with the operating system, and the **Reporting Protocol** must be set to ArmorIP.
- Refer to the section Report IP in the Operator Reference Manual.
- When more than one means of signal transmission is used, loss of communication with the receiving system shall be annunciated at the receiver within 200 seconds. If a fault is detected on any of the signal transmission

means, at least one of the signal transmission channels shall send a signal to the central-station to report the fault within 200 seconds.

The Report IP and Contact ID services must be programmed and enabled within the Protege system.

The Protege controller is compatible with the ArmorlP Internet Monitoring Receiver. Poll Time must be set to 40 seconds and the Grace Time must be set to 20 seconds.

In the Protege system, the reporting service must be configured to 40 seconds. The following options are required for the service selected as Report IP type:

- The **Poll Time** must be programmed to 40 seconds. Refer to the Report IP | General section in the Operator Reference Manual
- The **Contact ID Reporting Service** must be enabled and the **Service Mode** must be configured to start with the operating system.
- Refer to the section Contact ID in the Operator Reference Manual
- The **Report IP Service** must be enabled as the primary communication channel, the **Service Mode** must be configured to start with the operating system, and the **Reporting Protocol** must be set to ArmorIP.
- Refer to the section Report IP in the Operator Reference Manual.
- The **Trouble Input Area** must be armed in 24h mode. Refer to the section Trouble Inputs | Areas and Input Types in the Operator Reference Manual.

In the event of unsuccessful communication, a digital alarm communicator transmitter shall make a minimum of 5 and a maximum of 10 attempts. Where the maximum number of attempts to complete the sequence is reached, an indication of the failure shall be made at the premises.

In the Protege system, the reporting service selected as Contact ID must have the number of attempts programmed to 5 attempts. The following options are required:

- The **Dial Attempts** option must be programmed. Refer to the section Contact ID | Settings in the Operator Reference Manual.
- DACT communication channel check-in time is not to exceed 24 hrs.
- Trouble Zone Service Test Report
 - The **Test Report Time** must be programmed. Refer to the section Controllers | Configuration in the Operator Reference Manual.
 - The **Generate Input Restore on Test Input** option must be enabled. Refer to the section Controller | Options in the Operator Reference Manual.
 - The **Test Report Time is Periodic** option must be enabled. Refer to the section Controller | Options in the Operator Reference Manual.
 - ArmorlP detects the reception of any invalid packet on the programmed port as a potential system **compromise attempt**. Each compromise attempt sends a notification to the receiver, and logs a Compromise Attempt event under the Live Panel Events.

The event is sent with the following details:

- Account Code as defined in the Serial Receiver settings
- Event Code 0x163
- **Group Code** as defined in the Serial Receiver settings
- **Point Code** as defined in the Serial Receiver settings

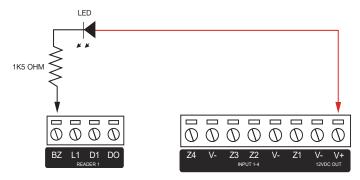
Refer to the section Global Settings | Serial Receiver in the ArmorlP Version 3 Internet Monitoring Application User Manual.

For UL and ULC installations the Central Station Receiving software must have the Contact ID details as specified, programmed for the **Compromise Attempt** event.

- If a flexible cord is used to connect to line voltage, strain relief must be provided for the cord inside the enclosure or at the knockout.
- The power supply is not intended to be mounted on the exterior of vault, safe, or stockroom.

UL294

- The Protege controller and reader expander module are intended to be mounted within the enclosure (refer to UL/ULC Installation Cabinet Options), installed inside the protected premise, and are UL 294 Listed for Attack Class I applications only.
- Exit devices and wiring must be installed within the protected area.
- For the Protege controller and reader expander module, all RS485 and reader terminal connections must be made using shielded grounded cable.
- All readers must be connected with shielded, grounded cable.
- A bell or visual indicator used as an arming acknowledgment signal must be listed to a UL security, signaling or fire standard. If intended to be mounted outside, it must be rated for outdoor use.
- Fail secure locking mechanism shall only be installed where allowed by the local authority having jurisdiction (AHJ) and shall not impair the operation of panic hardware and emergency egress.
- If fire resistance is required for door assembly, portal locking device(s) must be evaluated to UL10B or UL10C.
- Must be installed with UL 1034 listed electronic locks for UL installations.
- AC power on shall be indicated by an external panel mount LED (Lumex SSI-LXH312GD-150) and fitted into a
 dedicated 4mm hole in the cabinet to provide external visibility. This shall be wired between 12V and a PGM
 output that is programmed to follow the AC trouble input as shown below:



- If a flexible cord is used to connect to line voltage, strain relief must be provided for the cord inside the enclosure or at the knockout.
- The power supply is not intended to be mounted on the exterior of vault, safe, or stockroom.

FCC Compliance Statements

FCC PART 15, WARNINGS: INFORMATION TO USER

This equipment complies with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Changes or modifications not authorized by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this product.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference.
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

NOTE: THE GRANTEE IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY CHANGES OR MODIFICATIONS NOT EXPRESSLY APPROVED BY THE PARTY RESPONSIBLE FOR COMPLIANCE. SUCH MODIFICATIONS COULD VOID THE USER'S AUTHORITY TO OPERATE THE EQUIPMENT.

Industry Canada Statement

This class A digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003. Cet appareil numérique de la classe A est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

CAN ICES-3 (A)/NMB-3(A)

Controller REGISTRATION NUMBER

Controller NUMÉRO D'ENREGISTREMENT

IC: 10012A-PRTCTRLDIN

IC: 10012A-PRTCTRLDIN

Disclaimer and Warranty

Disclaimer: Whilst every effort has been made to ensure accuracy in the representation of this product, neither Integrated Control Technology Ltd nor its employees shall be liable under any circumstances to any party in respect of decisions or actions they may make as a result of using this information. In accordance with the ICT policy of enhanced development, design and specifications are subject to change without notice.

For warranty information, see our Standard Product Warranty.

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